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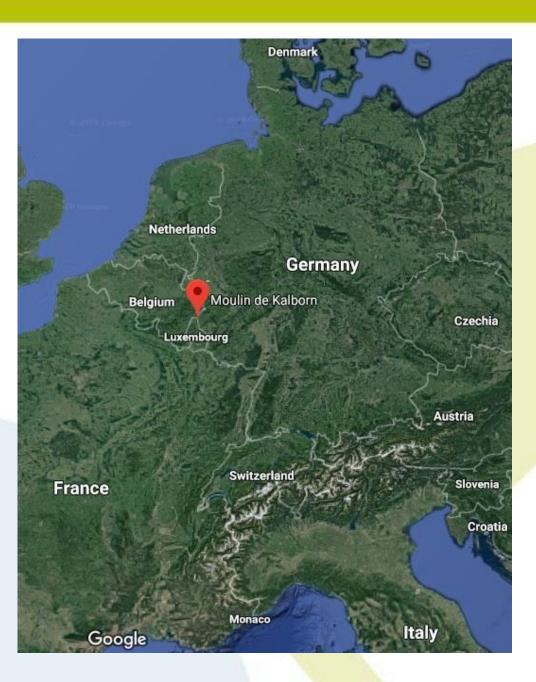
Propagation of freshwater mussels in Luxembourg

Searching for a more adapted diet

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The rearing facility

- •The mill of Kalborn, situated in the north east of Luxembourg
- •Operational since 2008
- •Propagation of
 - freshwater pearl mussel (Margaritifera margaritifera)
 thick shelled river mussel (Unio crassus)



Propagation methods

Detritus boxes



channel

Sand aquaria



Outside rearing

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Sand troughs



Feeding

- Feeding commercial algae
- Density of
 1,5 2,0 μm³/ml





Why

- Survival rate for the first year with +/- 30 % OK
- Frequent high losses after 1,5 years in the station
- Very high survival for *U.c.* in outside rearing channel

Assumption

• Unadapted diet ?

- feeding a freshwater organism with marine algae
- Maybe something is missing or accumulating over time
- Diet based on freshwater algae should be more adapted

Setup of algae culture

- Main goal: low effort + low costs !
- 2 tanks of 45 l
- Starter culture 2 x 0,5 l Chlorella vulgaris
- River water
- Room temperature
- 24 h illumination
- No fertalisation



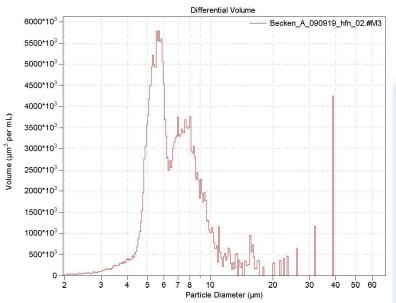
Setup of algae culture

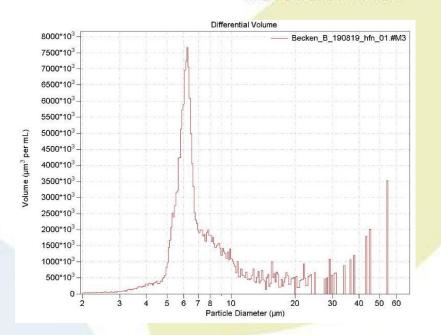
- Good reproduction, high density after +/- 4 weeks
- Spontaneous occurance of different algae and microbiological biomass



Setup of algae culture

- Size peak between 5 10 μm
- Tanks in weekly change harvest / reproduction





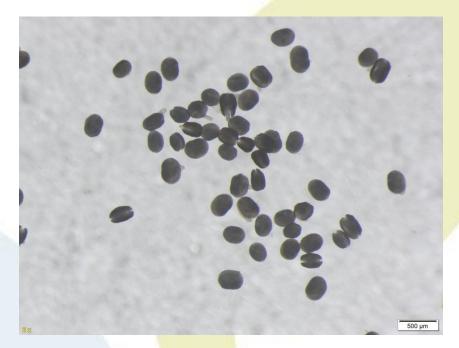
Conclusion I

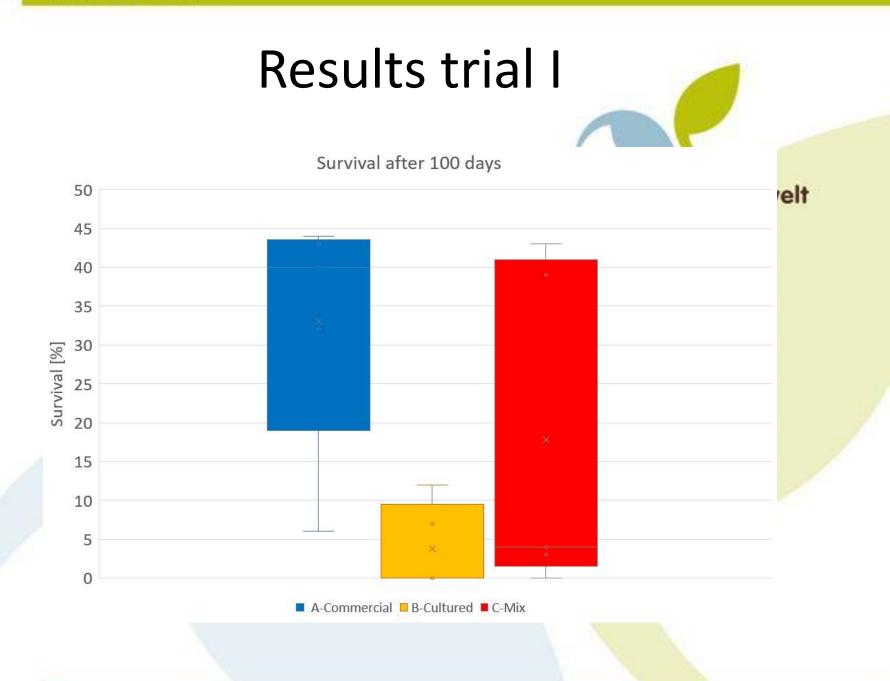
- Success
- Culturing natural algae with very low input (1-2 hours weekly) is possible

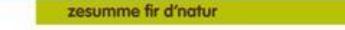


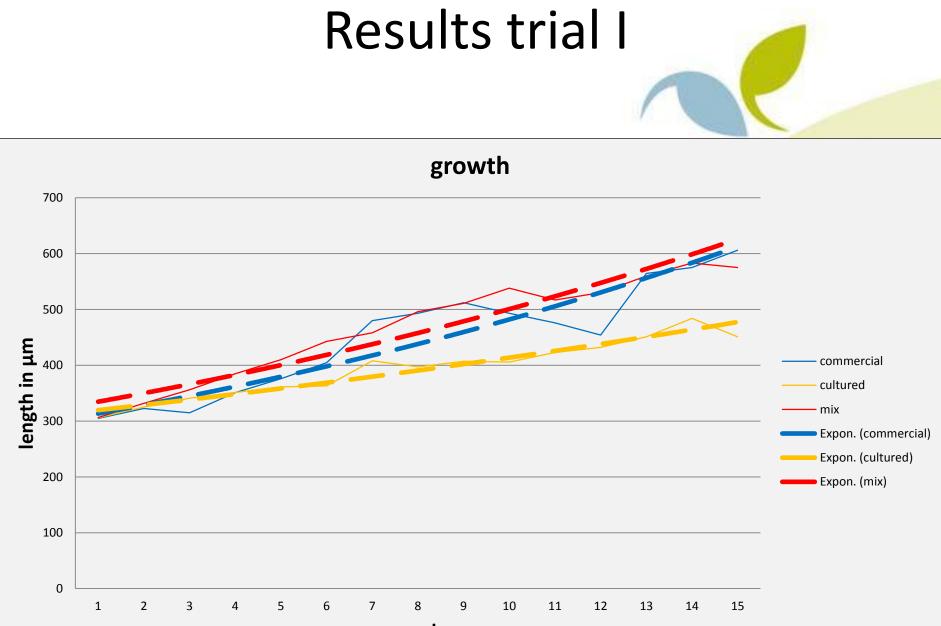
Feeding trial I

- Detritus boxes with *M.m.*
 - 3 sets of 5 boxes with
 200 juvenile *M.m.*
 - Set A: commercial
 - Set B: cultured algae
 - Set C: mix 1:1









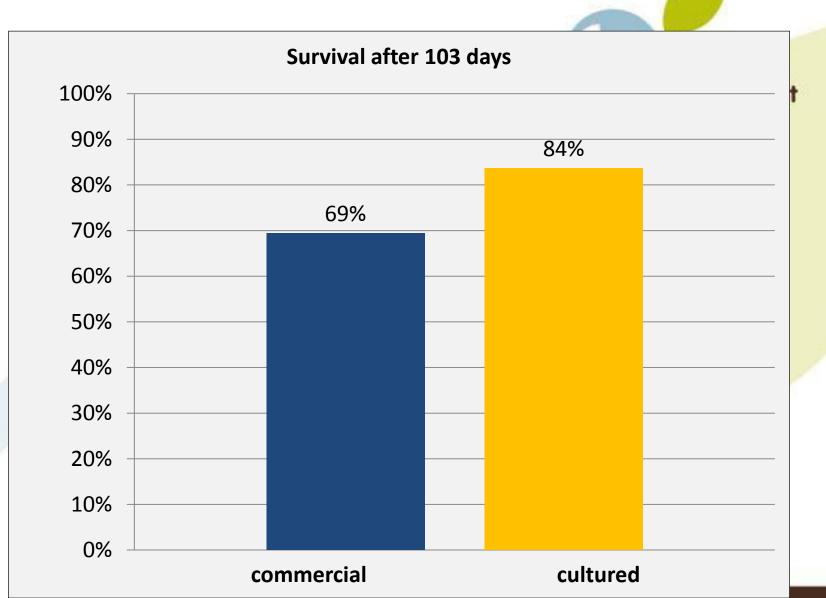
week

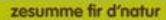
Feeding trial II

- Aquaria with *U.c.*
 - Set of 18 month old U.c.
 divided in 2 sets
 - Set A: commercial
 - Set B: cultured algae

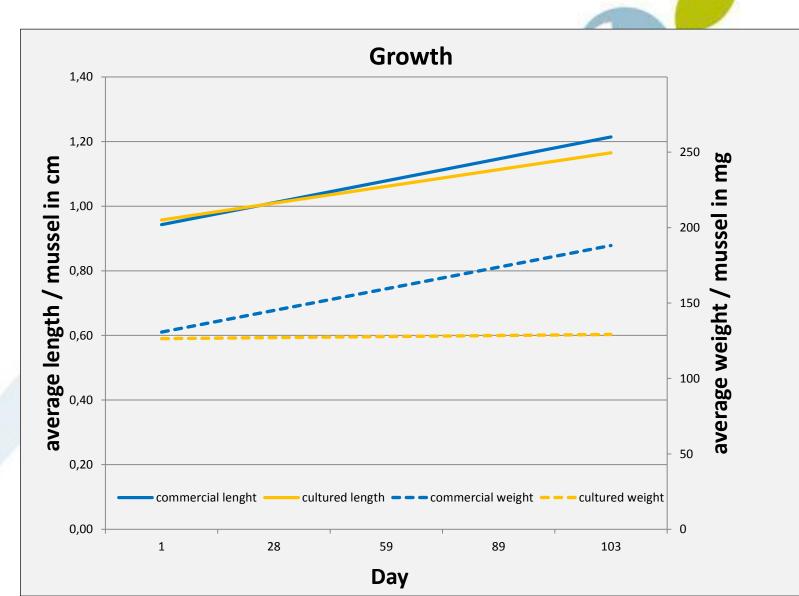


Results trial II



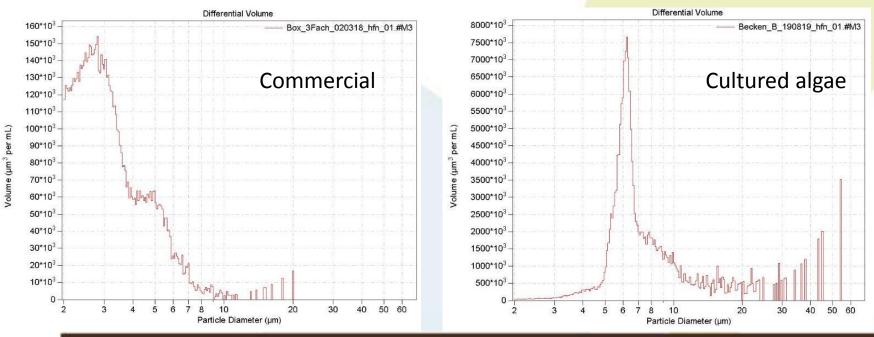






Conclusion II

- Diet based exclusively on cultured algae seems not adapted for juvenile *M.m.*
 - Size range slightly different



Conclusion II

- Higher survival for older U.c. fed with cultured algae
- Less growth with cultured algae
- Nutritional value of commercial algae must be higher
 - Higher concentration of cultured algae could lead to better results
- A mixed diet of commercial and cultured algae is promising

Feeding trial III

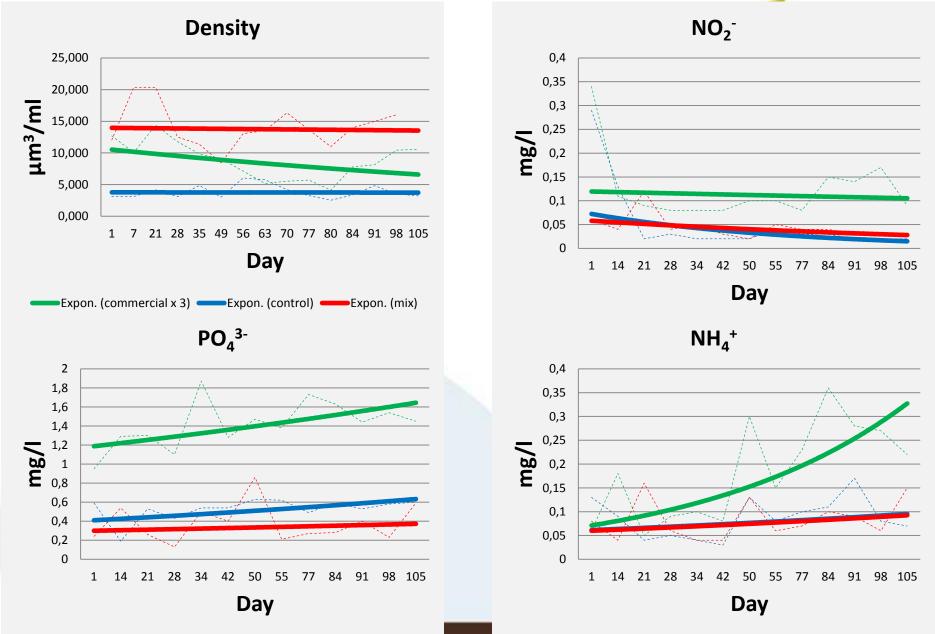
- Further trial started in June 2019
 - 3 sets of 3 aquaria with 150 juvenile U.c. / aquarium
 - Higher concentration
 - Set A: commercial; 3 times higher
 - Set B: commercial; as usual (control group)
 - Set C: mix; commercial as usual + 500 ml cultured
 - Special attention on water quality; observed once weekly

Assumption

- Higher concentration could raise the survival rate and growth, regardless of the diet
- But
 - high concentration of commercial algae could degrade water quality
 - cultured algae could improve water quality

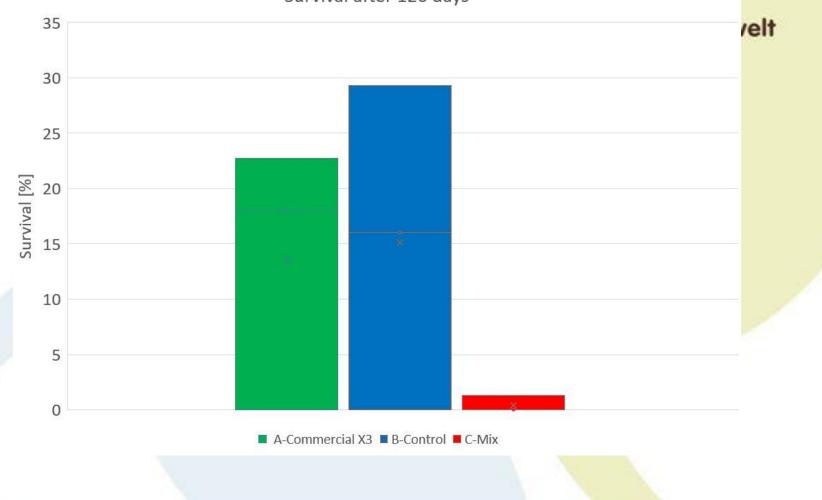
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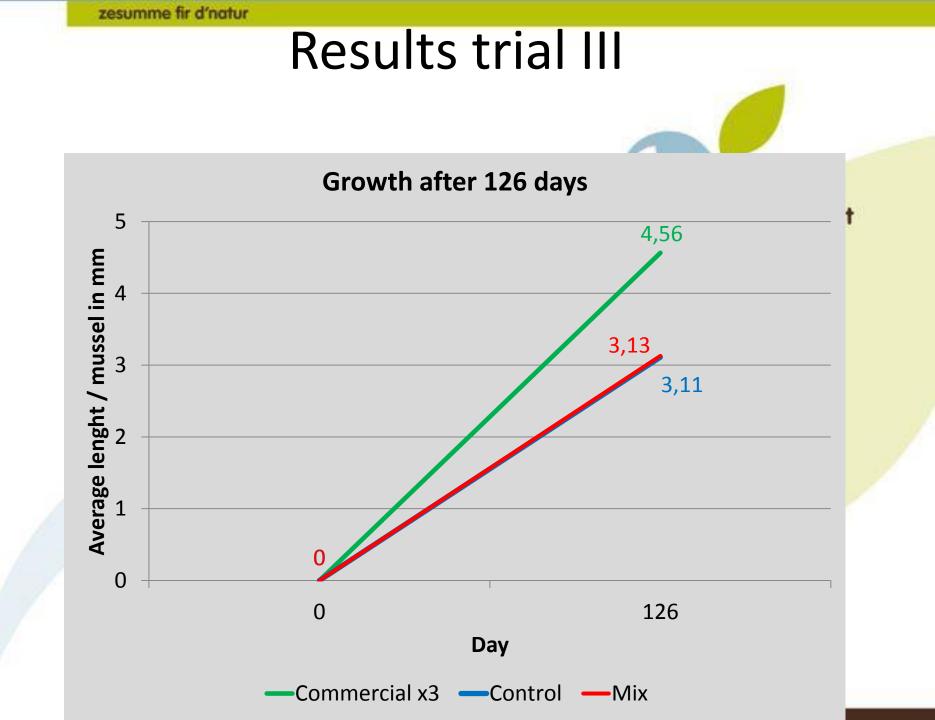
Results trial III





Survival after 126 days





Conclusion III

- Assumption only partly confirmed:
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- Higher concentraion of commercial algae degrades water quality
- Higher concentration of cultured algae improves water quality
- But!
 - Very poor survival and growth for mixed diet
 - Water quality shows only light influence on survival for juvenile U.c.
 - Growth is much better with increased food density

Overall conclusion

- Cultering natural algae with very low effort is possible
- But it is not suitable for juvenile mussels
- It could be an alternative for older mussels that have to stay longer than 15 month in the station
- Further trials are in process

Acknowledgments

• The whole team

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Project Partners



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Département de l'environnement

Thank you for listening

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